

Behaviour and Discipline Policy

Approved by: Governing Date: Sept 23

Body

Last reviewed: Autumn 2023

Next review due by: Autumn 2024

At Southfields Primary School we:

- Provide a safe, comfortable and caring environment where optimum learning takes place.
- Provide clear guidance for children, staff and parents of expected levels of behaviour.
- Use a consistent and calm approach.
- Ensure all adults take responsibility for managing behaviour and followup incidents personally.
- Ensure all adults use consistent language to promote positive behaviour
- Use restorative approaches instead of punishments

Purpose of the behaviour policy

To provide simple, practical procedures for staff and children that:

- Foster the belief that there are no 'bad' children, just 'bad choices'
- Encourage children to recognise that they can and should make 'good' choices
- Recognise individual behavioural norms and respond appropriately
- Promote self-esteem and self-discipline
- Teach appropriate behaviour through positive intervention

1 Aims and expectations

- 1.1 It is a primary aim of our school that every member of the school community feels valued and respected, and that each person is treated fairly and well. We are a caring community, whose values are built on mutual trust and respect for all. The school's behaviour policy is therefore designed to support the way in which all members of the school can live and work together in a supportive way. It aims to promote an environment where everyone feels happy, safe and secure.
- 1.2 Our behaviour policy is a means of promoting good relationships, so that people can work together with the common purpose of helping everyone to learn. This policy supports the school community in aiming to allow everyone to work together in an effective and considerate way.
- 1.3 The school expects every member of the school community to behave in a considerate way towards others and for everyone to model this behaviour at all times.
- 1.4 We treat all children fairly and apply this behaviour policy in a consistent way.

- 1.5 This policy aims to help children grow in a safe and secure environment, and to become positive, responsible and increasingly independent members of the school community.
- 1.6 The school rewards good choices, as it believes that this will develop an ethos of kindness and cooperation. This policy is designed to promote good behaviour, rather than merely deter anti-social behaviour.
 - 2 Rewards and sanctions
- 2.1 We praise and reward children for good behaviour in a variety of ways:
- Teachers congratulate children and deliver verbal positive praise to reinforce expected behaviours.
- Teachers give children dojo points as rewards. Class Dojo is a positive rewards points system to support behaviour/class management of our GARK values and for classes to work together towards a goal each half term. The amount pupils receive and the reward they get for achieving the amount is up to each teacher, depending on how many points teachers hand out and how frequently. Staff that are outside of the classroom eg pastoral, SLT, dinner staff, will also give positive Dojo rewards, but will limit the number of points given to children as the points are put on as single points, so when you are rewarding children to a 10 dojo maximum to facilitate adding them.
- We understand that whilst children may like the dojos, they also respond well to
 individual tangible rewards that may be more frequent than half termly. Daily
 stickers/notes home/warm and fuzzy jars/marbles in a jar/raffle tickets are just some of
 the things that have been utilised successfully. It is up to each class teacher as to what
 other daily or weekly reward systems are used in each class to promote positive
 class/behaviour management.
- Each week we nominate children from each class to be "star of the week" whereby they receive a certificate in the school assembly.
- Each week in assembly certificates are given out to celebrate good learning and behaviour in a variety of subjects. This work is shared with the school.
- Each month a special "reading certificate" is awarded to one child from each class because reading underpins our curriculum and reading for pleasure is widely promoted throughout school.
- Our GARK (Good learning, Acceptance, Respect and Kind) values are promoted and rewarded in assemblies and class. (See Appendix 2)
- All classes have an opportunity to share their work in showcases with parents amongst other positive experiences.
- 2.2 The school acknowledges all the efforts and achievements of children, both in and out of school. Children are encouraged to bring certificates into school for presentation on Friday, for example, sport or swimming certificates.
- 2.3 The school has a stepped approach (See Appendix 1) for sanctioning inappropriate behaviour that does not adhere to the school's GARK values. This ensures a safe and positive learning environment. Sanctions are given appropriately to each individual situation.
- We expect children to follow the GARK values and make good choices (See Appendix 2).
- We expect children to try their best in all activities.
- If a child is making inappropriate choices in class or does not follow instructions, the teacher follows the stepped boundaries (See Appendix 1).
- 2.4 The class teacher discusses the GARK values (Appendix 2) with each class. In addition, each class also has its own charter, which is created and agreed by the children and displayed on the wall of the classroom. In this way, every child in the school knows the standard of behaviour that we expect in our school. If there are incidents of anti-social

behaviour, the class teacher discusses these with the whole class through PSHE sessions also related to our GARK values or during-bespoke lessons addressing the issue.

2.5 Southfields Primary School does not tolerate child on child abuse.

Child-on-child abuse is most likely to include, but may not be limited to, bullying (including cyber-bullying), physical abuse (such as hitting, kicking, shaking, biting, hair-pulling or otherwise causing physical harm), sexual violence and sexual harassment, upskirting, sexting (also known as youth produced sexual imagery) and initiation/hazing type violence and rituals.

If we discover that an act of child on child abuse has taken place, we act immediately to stop any further occurrences of such behaviour (See Appendix 1). While it is very difficult to eradicate child on child abuse, we do everything in our power to ensure that all children attend school free from fear. All incidents will be recorded on CPOMS under the correct level of behaviour (See Appendix 1)

2.6 Southfields Primary School will not tolerate verbal abuse.

We want everyone to feel included, respected and safe in our school. We will not tolerate verbal abuse, which includes name-calling and sexist comments.

Sexist comments are those which discriminate based on sex, particularly against women. Sexism also includes behaviour or attitudes that create stereotypes of social roles based on sex

All staff and pupils are encouraged to call out and/or report this behaviour. If pupils make these comments, we will:

- •Ask them to apologise to anyone the comment was directed at
- •Support and educate them to improve their behaviour
- Monitor their behaviour for any recurrence
- •Escalate the sanction to where appropriate e.g. a meeting with parents.
- •Record the incident on CPOMS under the correct level of behaviour (See Appendix 1)

Southfields will ensure that all incidents of sexual harassment and/or violence are met with a suitable response, and never ignored.

All pupils are encouraged to report anything that makes them uncomfortable, no matter how 'small' they feel it might be.

The school's response will be:

- Proportionate
- Considered
- Supportive
- Decided on a case-by-case basis

Sanctions for sexual harassment and violence may include:

- A verbal warning
- Restorative work around the impact of their behaviour
- · Apologise to their peer
- A letter or phone call to parents
- Suspensions (length dependent on incident) or permanent exclusion.

Southfields has procedures in place to respond to any allegations or concerns regarding a child's safety or wellbeing. These include clear processes for:

Responding to a report, carrying out risk assessments, where appropriate, to help determine whether to:

- · Manage the incident internally
- Refer to early help
- Refer to children's social care
- Report to the police

All incidents will be recorded on CPOMS under the correct level of behaviour (See Appendix 1).

Our RSE curriculum will cover what healthy and respectful behaviour towards one another looks like.

This demonstrates Southfields Primary School's zero-tolerance approach better by making the following things clearer:

- What the unacceptable behaviour involves
- What we want the culture in our school to be
- How we will respond to this behaviour
- How we will support the victim(s) and alleged perpetrator(s)
- 2.7 All members of staff are aware of the regulations regarding the use of reasonable force by teachers, as set out in the DfE non-statutory guidance for head teachers, staff and governing bodies (July 2013) and on using force to control or restrain pupils and the guidance on reasonable force in the KCSIE (Keeping Children Safe in Education) document. Teachers in our school do not physically punish children. Staff only intervene physically to restrain children or to prevent injury to a child, or if a child is in danger of hurting him/herself. The actions that we take are in line with government guidelines on the restraint of children and the school's Safer Handling Policy.
 - 3 The role of school staff
- 3.1 It is the responsibility of all staff to ensure that children behave in a responsible manner during lesson time and around school.
- 3.2 All staff in our school have high expectations of the children with regard to behaviour, and they strive to ensure that all children work to the best of their ability using the above-mentioned rewards and sanctions when appropriate.
- 3.3 All staff treat each child fairly and promote the school's GARK values consistently. The teachers treat all children in their classes with respect and understanding.
- 3.4 The class teacher liaises with external agencies, as necessary, to support and guide the progress of each child. The class teacher may, for example, discuss the needs of a child with the learning mentors or LA behaviour support service.
- 3.5 The class teacher reports to parents about the progress of each child in their class, in line with the whole-school policy. The class teacher may also contact a parent if there are concerns about the behaviour or welfare of a child.
- 3.6 Staff will record all level 2, 3 and 4 behaviours on CPOMS.
 - 4 The role of the head teacher
- 4.1 It is the responsibility of the head teacher to implement the school behaviour policy consistently throughout the school, and to report to Governors, when requested, on the effectiveness of the policy. It is also the responsibility of the head teacher to ensure the health, safety and welfare of all children in the school.
- 4.2 The head teacher supports the staff by implementing the policy, by setting the standards of behaviour, and by supporting staff in their implementation of the policy.
- 4.3 The head teacher keeps records of all reported serious incidents of misbehaviour via CPOMs.
- 4.4 The head teacher has the responsibility for giving suspensions (previously referred to as fixed-term exclusions) to individual children for serious acts of misbehaviour. For repeated or very serious acts of anti-social behaviour, the head teacher may permanently

exclude a child. These actions are taken only after the school Governors have been notified.

- 5 The role of parents
- 5.1 The school collaborates actively with parents, so that children receive consistent messages about how to behave at home and at school.
- 5.2 Our expectations are explained via newsletter and through the policy on the website, and we expect parents to read them and support them. The school's GARK values are explained to both parents and children during their school admissions meeting with the head teacher.
- 5.3 We expect parents to support their child's learning, and to co-operate with the school. We try to build a supportive dialogue between the home and the school, and we inform parents immediately if we have concerns about their child's welfare or behaviour.
- 5.4 If the school has to use reasonable sanctions to discipline a child, we expect parents to support the actions of the school. If parents have any concerns about the way that their child has been treated, they should initially contact the class teacher. If the concern remains, they should contact the head teacher. If these discussions cannot resolve the problem, a formal grievance or appeal process can be implemented.
 - 6 The role of Governors
- 6.1 The governing body has the responsibility of setting down these general guidelines on standards of discipline and behaviour, and of reviewing their effectiveness. The Governors support the head teacher in adhering to these guidelines.
- 6.2 The head teacher has the day-to-day authority to implement the school's policy on behaviour and discipline, but Governors may give advice to the head teacher about particular disciplinary issues. The head teacher must take this into account when making decisions about matters of behaviour.
- 7 Fixed-term and permanent exclusions
 - 7.1 We do not wish to exclude any child from school, but sometimes this may be necessary. We refer to the following 2023 guidance in any decision to suspend / exclude a child from school. The relevant Internet address is: <u>Suspension and permanent exclusion guidance September 2023 (publishing.service.gov.uk)</u>
- 7.2 Only the head teacher (or the acting head teacher) has the power to suspend or exclude a child from Southfields Primary School.

The head teacher may exclude a child for one or more fixed periods, for up to 45 days in any one school year. In extreme and exceptional circumstances, the head teacher may exclude a child permanently.

- 7.3 If the head teacher excludes a child, s/he informs the parents immediately, giving reasons for the exclusion. At the same time, the head teacher makes it clear to the parents that they can, if they wish, appeal against the decision to the governing body. The school informs the parents how to make any such appeal.
- 7.4 The head teacher informs the LA and the governing body about any permanent exclusion, and aboutany suspensions.
- 7.5 The governing body itself cannot either exclude a child or extend the exclusion period made by the head teacher.

- 7.6 The Governing body considers any exclusion appeals on behalf of the Governors.
- 7.7 When an appeals panel meets to consider an exclusion, they consider the circumstances in which the child was excluded, consider any representation by parents and the LA, and consider whether the child should be reinstated.
- 7.8 If the Governors' appeals panel decides that a child should be reinstated, the head teacher must comply with this ruling.

7.9 Supporting Individual Pupils with Behavioural Difficulties / Special Educational Needs and Disabilities

Pupils who find it difficult to manage their own behaviour in school will be monitored by the SENCO in order to ensure that they receive appropriate help and support. This may be through a behaviour and emotional support plan and an ABC chart which allows staff to determine the function of a child's behaviour. It does this by breaking down staff observations into three elements:

Antecedents (A): what happened directly before the behaviour occurred.

Behaviour (B): the specific action(s) or behaviour of interest.

Consequences (C): what happened directly after the behaviour occurred.

Thinking of behaviour in these terms helps to understand why a child is behaving in a particular manner. This allows more meaningful interventions rather than just trying to prevent the behaviour itself.

7.10 Restorative Practice.

It is our policy for all children to learn to take responsibility for their behaviour and to understand the consequences of inappropriate behaviour. Following a behaviour incident, it is essential that an adult discusses the issue with the child, so that they understand how the behaviour did not follow Southfields GARK values and the consequence of their actions for themselves and others around them.

They must understand how they can improve the behaviour and the child must make every attempt to put right the wrong that he/she has done. This can be done by a verbal apology, a written letter of apology or repair of any damaged property.

Children whose behaviour has been identified as level 3 or 4 will spend their lunchtime reflecting on the behaviour with the Pastoral Team.

There will be a clear explanation of the behaviour they have shown and how this does not demonstrate our school core values.

The lunchtime reflection session aims to:

- teach children the impact of the behaviours they have shown
- · help children to take responsibility for their own behaviour
- · know how to repair the impact of their behaviours with an apology
- \cdot support children with positive strategies to improve their future behaviour

Adults will take every opportunity to praise the child for improved behaviour following the incident.

Behaviour issues are also tackled through Peer Mediation.

Southfields peer mediators are a group of Year 6 children who have been trained to mediate disputes on the playground, when the issue is between two children. This school mediation service is run by pupils, supported by two trained members of Southfields staff. The Best Practice Guidelines, recommended by the Peer Mediation Network, are followed. Peer mediators are on rota to be available and visible in all areas of the playground at break and lunch. Lunchtime Supervisors and staff on duty can refer children that are arguing to the Peer Mediators. They will take the children to our mediation room and go through their GLIDE script (Greeting, Listening, Ideas, Decision, End). This allows both disputants time to be heard and share their feelings. The process also encourages listening, reflection and problem solving which the children involved take full ownership of. Children are guided to

understand how their words and actions can hurt others and how they can work to repair this.

Some children will find self-regulating their emotions a challenge when reflecting on behaviour. These children need to feel confident that an adult will support them to do this so that they feel safe (emotionally and physically) and that they will be supported to make choices to put their behaviour right.

Staff have been trained on how to use emotion coaching techniques to support children. Only when the child/children have been supported to calm themselves will the consequences of the behaviour be discussed.

Step one	Recognise the childs feelings and empathise them
Step Two	Validate the feelings and label them
Step Three	Set Limits on behaviour
Step Four	Problem Solve with the child

Staff will make clear distinctions between validating the emotion whilst still highlighting the unacceptable behaviour and alternative positive choices for actions. It is essential that all adults in school reflect on the behaviour of the children they are working with and try to identify any underlying areas of poor behaviour.

Behaviour is often a reaction to events or circumstances so adults need to understand how a change to provision or practice for the group or individual can help improve behaviour. The Pastoral Team will work with the families and children respectively where there are difficult circumstances and support can be implemented.

- 8 Monitoring and review
- 8.1 The head teacher monitors the effectiveness of this policy on a regular basis. S/he also reports to the governing body on the effectiveness of the policy and, if necessary, makes recommendations for further improvements.
- 8.2 Staff record Level 2, 3 and Level 4 behaviour incidents on CPOMs. Level 1 behaviour incidents are dealt with by the class teacher and are escaltated to the next level if the behaviour continues.
- 8.3 The head teacher keeps a record of any child who is suspended for a fixed-term, or who is permanently excluded.
- 8.4 It is the responsibility of the governing body to monitor the rate of suspensions and permanent exclusions, and to ensure that the school policy is administered fairly and consistently. The governing body will pay particular attention to matters of racial equality; it will seek to ensure that the school abides by the non-statutory guidance *The Duty to Promote Race Equality: A Guide For Schools*, and that no child is treated unfairly because of race or ethnic background.
- 8.5 The Governing body reviews this policy annually. The Governors may, however, review the policy earlier than this if the government introduces new regulations, or if the governing body receives recommendations on how the policy might be improved.

Agreed by Governors:

Renew Date: Aut 24

Appendix 1-Behaviours

Level 1 Warnings	Level 2 Negative Behaviours	Level 3 Unacceptable Behaviours	Level 4 Serious Unacceptable Behaviours
Chatting in class	Teasing another child	Verbal Retaliation	Physical Retaliation
Chatting in assembly	Being unkind to others	Hitting a child (depending on severity)	Hitting a child (depending on severity)
	· ·	Hitting a child	Hitting a child (depending on
			Deliberate, persistent or malicious lying Deliberately breaking equipment
			Deliberately breaking equipment Deliberately urinating on the floor Throwing furniture Bringing dangerous items into school Leaving the premises without consent

Strategies and Consequences

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Reminder of classroom	Reminder of schools GARK	1-1 Discussion	SLT to deal with issue
rules	values and which value	around behaviour and	
	they are breaking	consequences	Miss break time - go to
Reminder of schools		·	designated reflection
GARK values and which	Discuss with child about	Verbal warning	room for restorative work
value they are breaking	choices making - choice		
	tree - what did they do-	Miss break time – go to	Miss lunch time – go to
Non-verbal warning	what better choice could	designated reflection	designated reflection
	have been made - the	room for restorative	room for restorative work
Tone of voice	consequences	work	
			Miss Golden Time/ Club
Body language	Peer Mediation- buddy up	Miss lunch time – go to	time - reflection room
	with good role model	designated reflection	
Verbal warning		room for restorative	Reflection time during
/reminder from adult in	Reflection time – reverse	work	golden time within the
class/around school	psychology - empathy		classroom for KS1 and KS2
about agreed		Contact parents	clubs
expectations of	Follow up with restorative		
behaviour	justice, apologies	Meeting with parents	Pastoral Team
B:	D' I DOUE	and class teacher and	involvement- safeguarding
Discuss with child about	Pick up in class PSHE	member of SLT	issues
choices making	lessons	Cond to posteral toom	Descrite analysis to by LIT as
Cimento algor	Loop of brook times atouting	Send to pastoral team-	Parents spoken to by HT or
Simple, clear instructions/ ensure	Loss of break time – stay in with class teacher and	safeguarding issues	DH
child knows what to do	have discussion about	Pastoral team to share	Parents invited in for
Child knows what to do	behaviour	incident with parents	formal meeting with
Time out in classroom/	Deriavioui	l incluent with parents	HT/DH
use of sand timer		If persistent, refer	TITT DIT
use of sand times	Incomplete work done in	parents to Triple P	Loss of class treats
Show/ model good	own time	parents to rriple r	LOSS OF Class freats
behaviour/language		Refer child to AHT or	Fixed term exclusion
Seriarioai, ianguage	Reflection time during	DH	I med term energeren
Apologise and make	golden time within the		Permanent exclusion
amends	classroom for KS1 and KS2	Record in CPOMs	
	clubs		Record on CPOMs
If misbehaviour continues		Loss of class treats	
and warnings not	Class teacher speak to		Seek advice from external
listened to then move to	parents at end of day	Behaviour chart	agencies where
level 2			appropriate which may
	If misbehaviour continues	Complete a teacher	include Police/Children's
If persistence speak to	and warnings not listened	concern form for	Services/Early
parents at classroom	to then refer to Assistant	SENCo	Help/MASH/Health
door.	Headteachers (JM/SB/MD)		
	to support at this stage.		
EVEC :	ODOM " 'S		
EYFS – praise children	CPOMs recording if		
following	persistent		
instructions/reward with	Forly Voors times suit		
stickers Model good	Early Years – time out		
Model good	Area for		
behaviour/language	thinking/breathing/yoga		
Further teaching in PSHE lesson	Change action station Miss whole class reward		
1633011	for that day/session		
	TOT THAT MAY SESSION	1	

Appendix 2

Our school GARK values

At Southfields Primary School, we show...

Good learning, Acceptance, Respect, Kindness

At Southfields Primary School every individual is valued for who they are and what they contribute to the school. Our school GARK values are at the core of everything we do and underpin our teaching and learning and the positive environment in school, which complements the high expectations we hold for each individual child.

The whole staff team and all pupils are involved in promoting our GARK values and recognising where others are 'living the values'. We believe that sharing our values with parents, carers and our community is essential in supporting the children through their journey in school and life. We acknowledge and understand the importance of the role that our community has to play and appreciate the need to inform them of the values through regular updates, newsletters, assemblies, inviting parents to share in themed activities and through our website.

Good learning

When a child leaves Southfields Primary School we believe we have equipped them with the enthusiasm and knowledge, skills and concepts, attitudes and techniques to enable them to continue learning within and beyond school, and in the future. In order to achieve this, children are supported and encouraged to develop good learning habits - take pride in the work they do; use initiative and become independent and confident learners who strive to do their best and reach their full potential; to rise to the challenges, be resilient and persevere to see them through; communicate effectively and work collaboratively on shared learning experiences.

<u>Acceptance</u>

This means to accept our differences. It means showing acceptance and respect, no matter the race, religion, age, gender, ability, opinions, and ideologies of other people or groups. One of the Fundamental British Values to be taught in schools is about tolerance – a fair, and objective, attitude to those whose faith and beliefs may differ from one's own. At Southfields Primary School we do not believe that a diversity of faiths and beliefs is something to be tolerated but rather accepted and celebrated. As a school, we are emboldened and strengthened by our diversity. We promote the importance of learning and working together as defined in our Equality Policy and SEND Policy.

Respect

Mutual respect, another Fundamental British Value, is at the heart of our school and underpins our relationships with each other, our manners, our conversations and our attitude towards each other, our work and our belongings, school, community and world. Through assemblies, PSHE and day to day incidental opportunities, children learn that their behaviours have an effect on their own rights and those of others. All members of the school community treat each other with respect. 'Treat others the way you want to be treated, not making anyone feel less than you, everyone's opinions are as good as yours, listen to others, show politeness and manners to everyone, help others, be caring and kind, respecting feelings, respecting everyone's property including your own.'

Kindness

This a key component of our ethos and Anti-bullying Policy. Friendliness and empathy sit within this value as we strive to be a bully free school. Being polite to each other, showing affection, smiling, using our manners, thinking about others before ourselves, making others know you care are the ways that we show kindness at Southfields.